



TIME FOR PRACTICE - REPORTED SPEECH



The Reported Speech

Die indirekte Rede

Sie wird verwendet um zu erzählen, was jemand anderer sagt oder gesagt hat.

Rule 1: The verb of saying is in the present tense.

>

No change the tense.

Lilly calls Enrico on the telephone. He is in Italy. She is in Ireland.

Enrico: Hi, Lilly, how are you?

Lilly: I'm fine. What about you?

Enrico: Great, we have beautiful weather, sunshine from morning to night.

L: How nice, it has been raining in Ireland for ten days now.

I feel like a fish in a pond.

It's cool and windy.

Everything is wet and soggy (feucht).

E: That's awful.

L: It's typical Irish weather.

E: Wait a minute. I have an idea. Why don't you come to Italy?

L: Well, I don't know.....

It's very nice of you, but I can't leave now.

I still have to work one more week.

I'll think about it. Bye, Enrico.

E: Bye Lilly, I hope you can come.



Enrico tells his father about the telephone call.

"Lilly says it has been raining for ten days."

She says she like a fish in a pond.

She says

She says everything

She says it's

She says know.

She says leave now.

She says still to work.

She says think about it.

Verb of saying is in the present tense > no change of tense!

but

"I" > must be changed to "she".

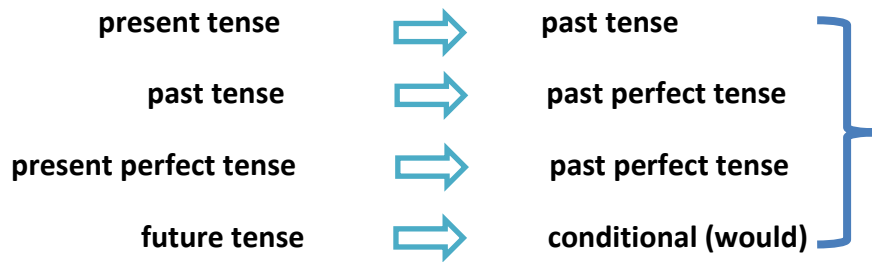
Don't forget the "s" at the end of the verbs.



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The Reported Speech Sie wird verwendet um zu erzählen, was jemand anderer sagt oder gesagt hat. Rule 2: The verb of saying is in the past tense.	>	Die indirekte Rede You must change the tense.
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On the next day Enrico's father tells his wife about the telephone conversation.

Enrico's father:

Lilly called Enrico yesterday.

She **said** → it had been raining for ten days.

She **said** she felt like a fish in a pond.

She **said**

She **said** everything

She **said** it was.....

She **said** know.

She **said**leave now.

She **said** still to work.

She **said** she would think about it.



Verb of saying is in the past tense > you must change the tense!



Reference box for the change of tenses:

it has been > it had been / feel > felt / it is cool > it was cool / everything is > everything was / it is (it's) > it was / don't know > didn't know / can't > couldn't / have > had / will think > would think

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Enrico tells his father about the telephone call.

“Lilly **says** it **has been raining** for ten days.

She **says** she **feels** like a fish in a pond.

She **says it’s** cool and windy.

She **says** everything **is** wet and soggy.

She **says it’s** typical Irish weather.

She **says** she **doesn’t** know.

She **says** she **can’t** leave now.

She **says** she still **has to work** one more week.

She **says she’ll** think about it.

Verb of saying is in the present tense > no change of tense!

but

“I” > must be changed to “she”.

Don’t forget the “s” at the end of the verbs.

On the next day Enrico’s father tells his wife about the telephone conversation.

She **said** it **had been raining** for ten days.

She **said she felt** like a fish in a pond

She **said** it **was** cool and winy.

She **said** everything **was** wet and soggy.

She **said** it **was** typical Irish weather.

She **said** she **didn’t**. know.

She **said** she **couldn’t** leave now.

She **said** she still **had** to work one more week.

She **said** she **would** think about it.

Verb of saying is in the past tense > you must change the tense!

You get one point for each correct answer. Maximum = 16

Your points:



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Rule 1: The verb of saying is in the present tense. > No change of tense.	

At the end of the schoolyear Lilly's friend Sarah calls Lilly on the telephone and asks where Lilly will spend the holidays. She tells her friends about it:



Sarah asks:	Lilly answers:	Enrico listens and she tells him what Lilly says:
The verb of saying is in the present tense. No change of tense.		
<i>Where will you spend the holidays?</i>	I will go to Ireland.	Lilly says she will go to Ireland.
<i>Will you stay with your grandparents?</i>	Yes, I will stay with them.	She says that she will stay with them.
<i>Have they got a house in Ireland?</i>	Yes, they have a big house.	She says that they
<i>Can you go swimming there?</i>	I can go swimming when the weather is fine.	She says that she
<i>Do you have friends there?</i>	I have a very good friend there.	She says that.....
<i>What's her name?</i>	I call her Brit, but her real name is Brigid.	She says that
<i>Will Enrico come and visit you?</i>	I don't know.	She says



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<i>Where will you spend the holidays?</i>	I will go to Ireland.	<i>Lilly says that she will go to Ireland.</i>
<i>Will you stay with your grandparents?</i>	Yes, I will stay with them.	<i>She says that she will stay with them.</i>
<i>Have they got a house in Ireland?</i>	Yes, they have a big house.	<i>She says that they have a big house.</i>
<i>Can you go swimming there?</i>	I can go swimming when the weather is fine.	<i>She says that she can go swimming when the weather is fine.</i>
<i>Do you have friends there?</i>	I have a very good friend there.	<i>She says that she has a very good friend there.</i>
<i>What's her name?</i>	I call her Brit, but her real name is Brigid.	<i>She says that she calls her Brit, but her real name is Bridgid.</i>
<i>Will Enrico come and visit you?</i>	I don't know.	<i>She says she doesn't know.</i>

You get one point for each correct answer.
 Maximum = 5
 Your points:



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Die indirekte Rede

Sie wird verwendet um zu erzählen, was jemand anderer sagt oder gesagt hat.

Rule 2: The verb of saying is **in the past tense**. >

You must **change the tense**.

On the next day Enrico talks about what Lilly: said the day before



Lilly said:	Enrico talks about it.
The verb of saying is in the past tense. You must change the tense.	
I will go to Ireland.	Lilly said that she would go to Ireland.
I will stay with my grandparents.	She said that she would stay with her grandparents.
They have a big house.	Shethat theya big house.
I can go swimming when the weather is fine.	Shethat she could go swimming when the weatherfine.
I have a very good friend there.	Shethat she a very good friend there.
I call her Brit, but her real name is Brigid.	She that sheher Brit, but her real name was Brigid.
I don't know if Enrico will come and visit me.	She that she know if Enrico would come and visit her.



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On the next day Enrico talks about what Lilly: said the day before

Lilly said:	Enrico talks about it.
The verb of saying is in the past tense. You must change the tense.	
I will go to Ireland.	Lilly said that she would go to Ireland.
I will stay with my grandparents.	She said that she would stay with her grandparents.
They have a big house.	She said that they had a big house.
I can go swimming when the weather is fine.	She said that she could go swimming when the weather was fine.
I have a very good friend there.	She said that she had a very good friend there.
I call her Brit, but her real name is Brigid.	She said that she called her Brit, but her real name was Brigid.
I don't know if Enrico will come and visit me.	She said that she didn't know if Enrico would come and visit her.

You get one point for each correct answer.
 Maximum = 10
 Your points:

